<ol> <li>What are poems arranged into?</li> <li>Remember, don't answer this one until you have read question 2.</li> <li>What is a poem called if it doesn't have a regular rhyme scheme?</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>2. What is a line of verse ending in a complete stop? stanzas</li> <li>5. What technique encompasses metaphor, simile and personification?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>3. What punctuation marks constitute a complete stop in and at the end of a line of poetry?</li> <li>end stopped lines</li> <li>6. What technique says one thing is another?</li> <li>imagery</li> </ul>
full stop, question mark, exclamation mark  7. Which technique uses 'as' or 'like' to compare?  metaphor	8. What technique gives something non-human, human characteristics?	9. What is the beat or speed with which we read a poem?  personification
10. What is it called when the vowels within words sound the same?  rhythm	11. True or false: it is important to consider where a poet breaks off a line and starts a new one.  rhyme	12. What technique repeats the same sound or letter at the beginning of two or more words?  true
13. What technique deliberately balances opposite ideas side by side?  alliteration	14. What is it called if a writer places ideas near each other but doesn't necessarily balance them?  antithesis	15. What technique has a writer repeating the same words again and again?  juxtaposition
16. What are words like 'you' or 'your' etc.?  repetition	17. What technique is the repetition of consonant sounds?  (personal) pronouns	<b>18.</b> What are vowels? consonance
19. What are consonants?  The letters a, e, i, o, and u.	20. What term is given to capital letters, commas, full stops etc.?  Letters other than vowels.	21. What is it called if a character narrates a poem with one voice?  punctuation
<b>22.</b> What are describing words? monologue	23. What are concrete objects which represent abstract ideas?  adjectives	24. What are doing or being words?  symbols

25. Assonance, sibilance and consonance relate to what in a poem?  verbs	<b>26.</b> Name the five senses. sounds	27. What is the tone in a poem?  Sight, sound, touch, taste and smell.
28. What is sensory language?  The poet or speaker's attitude or treatment of the chosen topic/theme.	29. What are the associations a reader gets from a key word in a poem?  Language which evokes the senses	<b>30.</b> Sight, sound, touch, taste and smell are the five connotations
31. How many senses are there?  senses	<b>32.</b> What is the repetition of 's'and 'z' sounds? <i>five</i>	<b>33.</b> A collection of related words are known as sibilance
<b>34.</b> What is a 14 line poem called?  semantic Field	<b>35.</b> How many types of sonnets are there?  sonnet	36. What are the different sonnet types?  three
37. What topic does a sonnet tend to deal with?  Spenserian, English (Shakespearean), Italian (Petrarchan)	<b>38.</b> What do we call pairs of lines of poetry which rhyme?	<b>39.</b> What is a four line stanza known as?  rhyming couplets
<b>40.</b> What is enjambment? quatrain	41. What is it called if only the consonants rhyme and not the vowels?  Where a sentence runs on to the next line.	<b>42.</b> What is hyperbole?  half rhyme
43. What is another word for over exaggeration?  The over exaggeration of an idea or theme.	<b>44.</b> What is an extended metaphor?  hyperbole	45. What is colloquial language?  A metaphor which runs throughout a stanza or whole poem.
46. What is the repetition of vowel sounds called?  A chatty or informal style of writing.	<b>47.</b> What is caesura?  assonance	48. What narrative style has a character narrating/talking to the reader?  A complete stop in the middle of a line. (Answer to this question: first person narration.)